TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the Board of Trustees Town of Quinton Quinton, Oklahoma

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Quinton's basic financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statement that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Quinton as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 30, 2015, on my consideration of Town of Quinton's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of my audit.

Ralph Osborn

Certified Public Accountant

Ralph Osborn

Bristow, Oklahoma September 30, 2015

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
ASSETS:	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	Total			
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 256,241	\$ 107,362	\$ 363,603			
Investments	50,290	-	50,290			
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	_	76,244	76,244			
Investments	_	13,200	13,200			
Accounts receivable, net	_	34,352	34,352			
Due from other governments	27,560	-	27,560			
Internal balances	349	(349)	_			
Prepaid assets	_	1,589	1,589			
Court fines receivable, net	11,945		11,945			
Total current assets	346,385	232,398	578,783			
Non-current assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land	10,325	12,029	22,354			
Other capital assets,						
net of depreciation	108,765	2,591,301	2,700,066			
Total non-current assets	119,090	2,603,330	2,722,420			
Total assets	465,475	2,835,728	3,301,203			
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	5,830	17,115	22,945			
Accrued interest payable	=	3,621	3,621			
Meter deposit held in trust	=	31,542	31,542			
Long-term debt current	-	25,207	25,207			
Lease purchase current	5,140		5,140			
Total current liabilities	10,970	77,485	88,455			
Long-term debt non-current	-	1,435,814	1,435,814			
Lease purchase non-current	2,657		2,657			
Total non-current liabilities	2,657	1,435,814	1,438,471			
Total liabilities	13,627	1,513,299	1,526,926			
NET POSITION:						
Capital assets, net of related debt	111,293	1,142,309	1,253,602			
Restricted for debt		57,606	57,606			
Restricted for meter deposit		31,838	31,838			
Unreserved	3//0 555	90,676	431,231			
OUTESETAER	340,555	90,676	431,231			
Total net position	\$ 451,848	<u>\$ 1,322,429</u>	\$ 1,774,277			

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

			Progr	ram Reven	ue		
		Charges	Ope	rating	Cap	ital	Net
		For	Grant	ts and	Grant	s and	(Expenses)
1	Expenses	<u>Services</u>	Contr	<u>ibutions</u>	Contri	<u>butions</u>	Revenue
Function/Programs Governmental activities							
Administration Public safety	\$ 53,449 188,419	\$ - 31,486	\$	8,123 -	\$	- 17,255	\$ (45,326) (139,678)
Community services	59,752	694		8,130			<u>(50,928</u>)
Total governmental activities	301,620	32,180		16,253		<u>17,255</u>	(235,932)
Business-type activities	261 510	001 640					(60, 061)
Utilities	361,510	291,649					(69,861)
Total business-type activities	361,510	291,649					<u>(69,861</u>)
Total primary government	\$663,130	<u>\$323,829</u>	\$	16,253	\$	<u>17,255</u>	<u>\$ (305,793</u>)
			Pı	rimary Go	vernmen	t	
		Governme		Business			
		Activit	ies	Activi	ties	Tot	al
Changes in net position:							
Net (expense) revenue		\$ (235	<u>, 932</u>)	\$ (6	<u>9,861</u>)	<u>\$ (3</u>	<u>05,793</u>)
General revenues							
Taxes							
Sales/Use			,997		-		24,997
Franchise			,031		-		19,031
Cigarette Tax		2	,731		-		2,731
Sale of Assets			594		-		594
Royalties			,400		-		4,400
Investment income			,874		995		2,869
Miscellaneous		7	<u>,127</u>		<u>6,619</u>		<u>13,746</u>
Total general revenue		260	<u>,754</u>		7,614	2	68,368
Change in net position		24	,822	(6	2,247)	(37,425)
Net position - beginning		427	,026	1,38	4,676	1,8	11,702
Net position - ending		\$ 451	<u>,848</u>	\$ 1,32	2,429	<u>\$ 1,7</u>	74,277

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

AGGREG	General	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 129,182	\$	127,059	\$	256,241
Investments	\$ 129,102 -	Ą	50,290	Ą	50,290
Receivables:			30,230		30,230
Due from other governments	22,522		5,038		27,560
Due from other funds	6,789		216		7,005
Court fines receivable,	0,.00				.,
net of allowance of \$4,276	11,945				11,945
Total assets	\$ 170,438	\$	182,603	\$	353,041
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities	\$ 4,522	\$	1,308	\$	5,830
Due to other funds	216		6,440	\$	6,656
Total liabilities	4,738		7,748		12,486
Fund Balances:					
Unreserved	165,700		174,855		340,555
Total fund balance	165,700		174,855		340,555
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 170,438	\$	182,603		
Amounts reported for governmental activi Statement of Net Position are different		e			
Capital assets used in governmental acti- financial resources and, therefore, are in the fund, net of accumulated depreci	not repor	ted			119,090
Certain long-term liabilities are not dufrom current financial resources and, treported in the funds:			not		
Capital lease obligation payable					(7,797)
Net position of governmental civilities				\$	451,848

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	31	Gove	ther rnmental	Gov	Total ernmental
REVENUES:		General	Funds			Funds
Sales tax	\$	177,993	\$	35,492	Ś	213,485
Use tax	¥	11,512	Ÿ	33,492	Y	11,512
Franchise tax		5,495		13,536		19,031
Motor vehicle tax		J,495 -		8,130		8,130
Alcoholic beverage tax		8,123		-		8,123
Cigarette tax		2,731		_		2,731
Sale of assets		2,731		- 594		594
Royalties		4,400		_		4,400
Lot sales		4,400		694		694
Intergovernmental		17,255		094		17,255
Fines and court fees		31,486		_		31,486
Investment income		1,715		159		1,874
Miscellaneous		•				
Miscellaneous		5,045	-	2,082		7,127
Total revenues		265,755		60,687		326,442
EXPENDITURES:						
Administration		53,449		-		53,449
Public safety		183,421		-		183,421
Community Services		8,759		45,873		54,632
Capital Outlay		17,255				17,255
Total expenditures		262,884		45,873		308,757
Net change in fund balances		2,871		14,814		17,685
Fund balances - beginning		162,829		160,041		322,870
Fund balances - ending	\$	165,700	\$	174,855	\$	340,555

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 17,685
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets.	
Capital asset purchases capitalized 17,255 Depreciation expense (15,032)	 2,223
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to government funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the government funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Capital lease obligation principal payments 4,914	 4,914
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 24,822

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2013

	Public Works
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 107,362
Accounts receivable, net	34,352
Prepaid insurance	1,589
Restricted cash	76,244
Restricted investment	13,200
Total current assets	232,747
Non-current assets	
Land	12,029
Capital assets, net of depreciation	2,591,301
Total non-current assets	2,836,077
TOTAL ASSETS	2,836,077
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	17,115
Accrued interest payable	3,621
Deposits subject to refund	31,542
Notes payable	25,207
Due to other funds	349
Total current liabilities	77,834
Non-current liabilities:	
Notes payable	1,435,814
Total non-current liabilities	1,435,814
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,513,648
NET POSITION	
Capital assets, net of related debt	1,142,309
Restricted for debt	57,606
Restricted for meter deposit	31,838
Unassigned	90,676
Total net position	\$ 1,322,429

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

OPERATING REVENUES	Public Works
Charges for services:	
Water	\$ 210,197
Sewer	71,037
Water/sewer taps	1,065
Penalties and reconnects	9,350
Other	6,619
Total operating revenues	298,268
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Wages	84,681
Payroll taxes	7,116
Water	83,943
Insurance	4,253
Maintenance and supplies	17,766
Licenses and testing	7,466
Office and postage	5,361
Bad Debt	4,745
Utilities	5,492
Depreciation	78,196
Total operating expenses	299,019
Net Operating income (loss)	(751)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	995
Interest expense	(62,491)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	(61,496)
Change in net position	(62,247)
Total net position, beginning	1,384,676
Total net position, ending	<u>\$ 1,322,429</u>

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Pub.	lic Works
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	301,604
Cash payments to employees	Y	(91,797)
Cash payments to employees Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(31,737) $(131,174)$
cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(131,174)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		78,633
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Increase in due to other funds		151
Net cash used in noncapital and related financing activities		151
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(04 450)
Principal paid on capital debt		(24,158)
Interest paid on capital debt		(62,554)
Purchase of capital assets		(1,650)
Increase in restricted assets - Debt Reserve		(7,581)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(95,943)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends		995
interest and dividends		
Net cash provided by investing activities		995
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(16,164)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		123,526
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	107,362
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(751)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		78,196
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net		3,086
Prepaid insurance		(787)
Accounts payable		(1,361)
Deposits subject to refund		250
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	78,633

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Town of Quinton, Oklahoma, was incorporated under the provisions of the laws of the State of Oklahoma. The Town operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and is governed by a five-member Board. The Trustees elect the mayor from their own body. The Town provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public safety, streets, public works, judicial, health and social services, culture, parks and recreation, public improvements, and planning and zoning for the geographic area organized as the Town of Quinton, Oklahoma. The basic financial statements include the departments, agencies, and other organizational units over which the Board of Trustees exercise oversight responsibility. In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 39. Based on the criteria Quinton Public Works Authority is the only component unit. definition of the financial reporting entity is primarily based on the concept of financial accountability. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the Town), and activities for which the primary government is financially accountable, and the activities of Quinton Public Works Authority. Financial accountability exists if a primary government appoints a voting majority of an organizations governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide a specific financial benefit to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities to include in the Town's financial statements.

The Quinton Public Works Authority (QPWA) was created pursuant to a Trust Indenture to acquire, construct, lease and operate the water and sewer facilities for the benefit of the Town of Quinton, Oklahoma. QPWA is empowered to incur debt for the purposes stated above. The water and sewer systems owned by the Town have been leased to QPWA. QPWA is a public trust and an agency of the State of Oklahoma under Title 60, Oklahoma Statues and is governed by the board consisting of three trustees identical with the Town Council. The QPWA is exempt from State and Federal Income Taxes add is reported as an enterprise fund.

The accounting policies of the Town conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to government units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Town as a whole excluding fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans. The primary government and component units are presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and Town general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A functional program is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include (1) charges for services which report fees, fines and forfeitures, and other charges to users of the Town's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets and include fees to developers. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these programs uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the Town are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns with composite columns for non-major funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Town are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Town's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements and applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless they conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Town's reporting entity does not apply FASB pronouncements or ABP opinions issued after November 30, 1989.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to Town departments. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements and financial statements of Town component units also report using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, franchise taxes (fees), intergovernmental revenues, and investment income, and user fees. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements include revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the cost of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

FUND TYPES AND MAJOR FUNDS

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund reports as the primary fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial resources not reported in other funds.

Proprietary Funds - The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Quinton Public Works Authority - The Authority provides certain utility services for the Town.

Budgetary Accounting and Control

The Town adopts an annual budget for all funds established by the governing body as required by O.S. 11 Section 17.207 through 17.210. The state statues also require that the budget be adopted by resolution or per the town charter at the legal level of classification (fund, department, & object category) and that the budget be filed with County Clerk and the State Auditor and Inspector. The Town may transfer budgeted amounts within and among departments. The budget is prepared on a cash basis.

<u>Investments</u>

The Town follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools," which requires marketable securities to be carried at fair value. The Town considers highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of Certificates of Deposits.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed in the governmental funds.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption stated on a first-in, first-out basis. They are reported at cost which is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are used. Proprietary funds and similar component unit inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. The Town has not maintained inventory records, however, the value of inventory on hand at June 30, 2013 is not believed to be material.

Prepaids record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting periods and are also reported on the consumption basis. Both inventories and prepaids are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The Town's property, plant , equipment, and infrastructure with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Town maintains infrastructure assets records consistent with all other capital assets. Proprietary and component unit capital assets are also reported in their respective fund and combining component units financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The Town generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more as purchase and construction outlay occur. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the assets value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets, including those of component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are moved from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follow:

Buildings	5-60
Improvements, other than buildings	5-10
Mobile equipment	5-10
Furniture , machinery, and equipment	5-10
Utility system	10-40

Compensated Absences

The Town of Quinton's policy is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation time. Full time and part time regular employees who have been employed continuously for at least 12 months are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Town. The Town has not accrued compensated absences because the amount, if any, would not be material to the financial statements.

Reserves and Designations

Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not available for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Town, and are held by counterparty or the counterparty's trust department but not in the name of the Town. The Town's policy requires that all deposits and investments in excess of amounts covered by federal deposit insurance be fully collateralized by the entity holding the deposits or investments. As of June 30, 2013, all of the Towns deposits and investments were either covered by federal deposit insurance or were fully collateralized.

Deposits

The Town had deposits at financial institutions with a carrying amount of approximately \$503,337 at June 30, 2013. The bank balance of the deposits at June 30, 2013 was approximately \$511,285.

Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk. However, the Town did not have fixed income securities at June 30, 2013.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town monitor's the investment performance on an ongoing basis to limit the Town's interest rate risk. As of June 30, 2013, the Town's deposits consisted of demand deposits and certificates of deposit with a maturity of 12 months or less.

NOTE C - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Authority has accounts receivable from its utility customers in the amount of \$34,352.

The governmental funds have accrued taxes to be received in July and half of August.

NOTE D - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Am	ount	Due To Other Funds	Due From Other Funds
\$	349	Public Works	General Fund
	6,247	General Fund	Street and Alley
	23	General Fund	Cemetery
\$	6,619		

NOTE E - RESTRICTED ASSETS

The Authority has restricted cash assets for customer deposits, capital outlay and as a loan reserve for its Rural Development loan. NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets.

The following table provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

		c	APIT	AL ASSETS	, D	EPRECIAT	ED			
		Infr	astr	ucture &	Fu	rniture,			C	apital
			Impr	ovements	Ma	chinery,			As	sets Not
			-	er Than		And			Dep:	reciated
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Bu	ildings	Bu	ildings	Εq	uipment	Totals			Land
Governmental activities										
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$	39,900	\$	11,550	\$	130,878	\$	182,328	\$	10,325
Increases		-		-		17,255		17,255		-
Decreases		-		-		-		-		-
Balance, June 30, 2013		39,900		11,550		148,133		199,583		10,325
Accumulated Depreciation										
Balance, June 30, 2012		6,985		2,073		66,728		75,786		
Increase		998		578		13,456		15,032		
Decreases		-		-		-		-		
Balance, June 30, 2013		7,983		2,651		80,184		90,818		
Governmental activities										
Capital Assets, Net	\$	31,917	\$	8,899	\$	67,949	\$	108,765	\$	10,325
Business-type activities										
Balance, June 30, 2012	\$	-	\$ 3	,419,669	\$	68,464	\$3,	488,133	\$	12,029
Increases		-		1,650		-		1,650		
Decreases										
Balance, June 30, 2013		_	3	,421,319		68,464	3,	489,783		12,029
Accumulated Depreciation										
Balance, June 30, 2012		-		751,822		68,464		820,286		
Increase		-		78,196		-		78,196		
Decreases		-		-		-		-		
Balance, June 30, 2013		_		830,018		68,464		898,482		
Business-type Activities										
Capital Assets, Net	\$		\$ 2	,591,301	\$		<u>\$2</u> ,	591,301	\$	12,029
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	-									·
Capital Assets, Net	\$	31,917	\$ 2	<u>,600,200</u>	\$	67,949	<u>\$2</u>	700,066	\$	22,354

DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

General government \$ 9,912 Public works \$ 78,169 Street 5,120

NOTE G - LONG TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

			Balance at	
	June 30, 2012	Added	Retired	June 30, 2013
USDA, Rural Development	\$ 701,938	\$ -	\$ (12,742)	\$ 689,195
USDA, Rural Development	783,417	-	(11,416)	771,826
	\$ 1,485,355	\$ -	\$ (24,158)	\$ 1,461,021

As of June 30, 2013, the long-term debt payable from business-type activities resources consisted of the following: Rural Development Notes Payable:

2004 Promissory Note, original issue amount of \$800,000 dated June 23, 2004 issued by U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, interest rate 4.375	% .
Monthly payments of \$3,600, for a term of 40 years. Current Portion	\$ 689,195 \$ 13,307
Non-Current Portion	675,888
Total Notes Payable	\$ 689,195
2009 Promissory Note, original issue amount of \$851,000 dated May 18, 2009 issued by U.S. Department of	

dated May 10, 2003 Issued by 0.5. Department of	
Agriculture, Rural Development, interest rate 4.125%.	
Monthly payments of \$3,626, for a term of 40 years.	<u>\$ 771,826</u>
Current Portion	\$ 11,892
Non-Current Portion	759,934
Total Notes Payable	\$ 771,826

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows (this includes the full amount of the 2013 note):

	Вι	ısiness-Typ			
Year ending		Notes	Pay	able	
<u>June 30,</u>	I	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2014	\$	25,199	\$	61,513	\$ 86,712
2015		26,727		59,985	86,712
2016		27,895		58,817	86,712
2017		29,184		57,528	86,712
2018		30,450		56,262	86,712
2019-2023		173,013		260,547	433,560
2024-2028		214,014		219,546	433,560
2029-2033		264,769		168,791	433,560
2034-2038		327,484		106,076	433,560
2039-2043		288,136		59,024	347,160
2044-2045		54,150		7,492	61,642
	\$	1,461,021	\$	1,115,581	\$ 2,576,602

NOTE H - CAPITAL LEASES

The Town have entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital lease for accounting purposes since title transfers at the end of the lease term and it has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments. The lease contains a clause which gives the Town the ability to terminate the lease agreement at the end of each fiscal year.

Capital lease transactions for the year ended June 30, 2013 are as follows:

Pay	able at					Ba:	lance at
July	1, 2012	Add	itions	Ret	irements	June	30, 2013
\$	12,711	\$	_	\$	(4,914)	\$	7,797
\$	12,711	\$		\$	(4,914)	\$	7,797

The schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, is as follows:

Year EndingJune 30	 Truck	 Total
2014	\$ 5,385	\$ 5,385
2015	2,692	2,692
Total minimum lease payment	 8,077	 8,077
Less: Amount representing		
interest	280	280
Total	\$ 7,797	\$ 7,797

NOTE I - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The amount that should be reported for accrued compensated absences is not known but is not believed to be material.

NOTE J - PENSION OBLIGATIONS

Town of Quinton participates in a statewide, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan on behalf of volunteer firefighters. The system is administered by an agency of the State of Oklahoma and funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary. The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions.

Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension

ma filefighter b fembion	And Retirement System
Eligibility to Participate	All full-time or voluntary Firefighters of a participating Municipality hired before age 45
Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefit provisions	State Statute
Plan members' contribution rate	8% of covered payroll
Town's contribution rate	13% of covered payroll
Period required to vest	10 years
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (full time)	20 years credited service, 2 ½% of final Average salary multiplied by the years of Credited service with a maximum of 30 Years considered; If vested, at or after Age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of Credited service, with reduced benefits
Benefits and eligibility for distribution (Volunteer)	20 years credited service equal to \$5.46 per month per year of service With a maximum of 30 Years considered
Deferred retirement option	Yes, 20 years credited service with Continued service for 30 or more years
Provisions for: Cost of living adjustments (normal retirement) Death (duty, non-duty, post-retirement) Ves Disability Cost of living allowances Yes	Yes Yes

The Town is required to contribute \$60 per year per volunteer firefighter. For those years in which the Town General Fund revenue falls below a statutory amount the Town is not required to make a contribution.

Contributions required by State Statue:

	Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension And Retirement System					
Fiscal Year		quired ribution	Percentage Contributed			
2013	\$	1,800	100%			
2012	\$	960	100%			
2011	\$	960	100%			

Trend information showing the progress of the system in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the annual financial reports of the plan. Copies of the report may be obtained from the state retirement systems.

Volunteer firefighters receive a monthly pension based on their years of service. The volunteer may receive death or spousal benefits if certain conditions are met.

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for risk of loss, including workers' compensation. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town retained legal counsel to defend it in any legal action.

NOTE L - FEDERAL STATE GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities. The purpose of the audits is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of the funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE I - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2015, the date which financial statements were available, to determine if any items need to be disclosed. On September 11, 2014, the Authority approved issuance of debt through the OWRB in the amount of \$790,000.

TOWN OF QUINTON BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

TAXES:	Original and Final Budget	Actual	ariance with Original And Final Budget Positive(Negative)
Sales and Use Tax	\$ 184,600	\$ 194,121	\$ 9,521
Franchise Tax	5,600	5,495	(105)
Total Taxes	190,200	199,616	9,416
INTERGOVERNMENTAL:			
Grant	_	17,255	17,255
Liquor Tax	6,650	7,928	1,278
Total Intergovernmental	6,650	25,183	18,533
•			<u> </u>
FINES AND FORFEITURES	34,400	29,645	<u>(4,755</u>)
INVESTMENT INCOME	1,775	1,315	(460)
	0.450	0.716	
MISCELLANEOUS	8,450	9,716	1,266
TOTAL REVENUES	241,475	265,475	24,000
101112 112110120			
ADMINISTRATION:			
General			
Personal Service	10,000	9,247	753
Materials and Supplies	14,000	21,989	(7,989)
Other Services and Charges	44,398	18,639	25,759
Capital Outlay	6,500	_	6,500
Total	74,898	49,875	25,023
City Council:			
Personal Service	648	638	10
City Attorney:	4 000	2 600	400
Personal Service	4,000	3,600	400
Clerk:			
Personal Service	1,300	_	1,300
Other	-	672	(672)
		<u></u>	
TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	80,846	54,785	26,061

TOWN OF QUINTON

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original and	Va	riance with Original And Final Budget
PUBLIC SAFETY:	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Police:			
Personal Service	124,000	136,522	(12,522)
Materials and Supplies	20,000	25,297	(5,297)
Other Services and Charges	10,000	4,171	5,829
Capital Outlay	5,500	5,385	115
Total	159,500	171,375	<u>(11,875</u>)
Fire:			(0. 500)
Materials and Supplies	6,000	9,788	(3,788)
Other Services and Charges	7,500	3,601	3,899
Capital Outlay Total	12 500	17,255	(17,255)
Total	13,500	30,644	(17,144)
Municipal Court:			
Personal Service	-	2,700	(2,700)
Materials and Supplies	3,400		3,400
Total	3,400	2,700	700
	156 100	224 712	(00.010)
Total Public Safety	176,400	204,719	(28,319)
COMMUNITY SERVICE:			
Animal Control:			
Personal Service	4,000	_	4,000
Materials and Supplies	500	886	(386)
Other Service and Charges	750	557	193
Total	5,250	1,443	3,807
Cemetery:			
Personal Services	-	5,650	(5,650)
Materials and Supplies	500	_	-
Other Services and Charges	7,500		7,500
Total	8,000	5,650	1,850
Civil Defense:			
Materials and Supplies	150	89	61
Other Services and Charges	350	30	320
Total	500	119	381
Community Center:			
Maintenance and Supplies	1,200	1,073	127
Other Services and Charges	800	55	745
Total	2,000	1,128	872
Total Community Service	15,750	8,340	6,910
Total Charges to Appropriations	272,996	267,844	4,652
Changes in Budgetary Fund Balance	<u>\$ (31,521</u>)	<u>\$ (2,369</u>)	<u>\$ 19,348</u>

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	S	TREET				TOTAL	
	AN	D ALLEY	CI	EMETERY	NONMAJOR		
		FUND		FUND		FUNDS	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,844	\$	47,215	\$	127,059	
Investments		-		50,290		50,290	
Receivables:							
Due from other governments		5,038		-		5,038	
Due from other funds		193		23		216	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	85,075	\$	97,528	\$	182,603	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	1,308	\$	_	\$	1,308	
Payroll taxes payable		6,440				6,440	
Total liabilities		7,748				7,748	
FUND BALANCES							
Unreserved		77,327		97,528		174,855	
Total fund balances		77,327		97,528		174,855	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	85,075	\$	97,528	\$	182,603	

TOWN OF QUINTON, OKLAHOMA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
	S	TREET			TOTAL		
	AN	CE	METERY	NONMAJOR			
		FUND	:	FUND		FUNDS	
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	49,028	\$	-	\$	49,028	
Intergovernmental		8,130		-		8,130	
Sale of Assets		594		-		594	
Lot Sales		-		694		694	
Investment income		-		159		159	
Miscellaneous		2,082				2,082	
Total revenues		59,834		853		60,687	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community services		45,873				45,873	
Total expenditures		45,873				45,873	
Net change in fund balances		13,961		853		14,814	
Fund balances - beginning		63,366		96,675		160,041	
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	77,327	\$	97,528	<u>\$</u>	174,855	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Town of Quinton Quinton, Oklahoma

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Quinton, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Quinton's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated September 30, 2015 which did not include Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Town of Quinton's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Quinton's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of Town of Quinton's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Quinton, Oklahoma's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of the Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

Ralph Osborn

Certified Public Accountant

Bristow, Oklahoma September 30, 2015

Ralph Osborn